

| Date | Updated on 27 February 2020 |
|----------|---|
| S/N | Situation Report 024 |
| | |
| Contacts | Dr. Grace Fombad; fombad@un.org, +251911508218 |
| | Dr. Tugumizemu Victor; tugumizemuv@who.int, +251904055745 |

WHAT IS THE SITUATION IN ETHIOPIA

- 4,956 travelers from COVID-19 affected countries screened at the Point of **GLOBALY** Entry
- A total of 77 alerts reported, 20 samples collected, 19 tested negative and 1 pending
- WHO donated to EPHI reference laboratory an additional 700 laboratory screening test kits and 100 confirmatory tests for COVID-19
- UNCT briefed on COVID-19 by WHO
- Orientation of Ethiopian airline crew members commenced today
- Briefing of Ethiopian Humanitarian Donors on COVID-19 by WHO, (27 Feb)

Fig.1: Map of Countries reporting COVID-19 cases as of February 26, 2020

Key upcoming activities

- Develop joint and agency Business Continuity Plans
- Simulation exercise
- Refresher training for alert and rumor management

WHAT IS THE SITUATION

- 81,109 total confirmed cases
- 871 new confirmed cases in the last 24 hours
- 16 out of 37 countries other than China reported new confirmed cases (459) in the last 24 hours

China

- 78,191 confirmed cases; 2,718 deaths
- 412 new confirmed cases in the last 24 hours

Outside of China

• 2,918 confirmed cases; 43 deaths

WHO Risk Assessment

Ethiopia : High; Regional level : High China : Very High; Global level : High

United **Confirmed COVID-19 cases** 1 - 1011 - 50 51 - 100 101 - 1,000 1,001 -10,000 250 250 500 km >10,000

Fig. 2: Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases as of February 26, 2020



- As of February 26, 2020, a total of 81,109 confirmed cases were reported and 96.4% (78,191) of the confirmed cases are from China.
- The 855 confirmed cases in Japan include 691 cases on the International conveyance (Diamond Princess).

Note: The reported cases are as of February 26, 2020

Challenges

- Follow up of the travelers especially the non-symptomatic
- Funding gap for COVID-19 contingency plan and scale up (approximately \$14)
- Isolation facilities need supplies, lifesaving equipment and staffing

Recommendations

- Frequently clean hands by using alcohol-based hand rub or soap and water
- When coughing and sneezing cover mouth and nose with flexed elbow or tissue and wash hands;
- Avoid close contact with anyone who has fever and cough
- ✤ The consumption of raw or undercooked animal products should be avoided.
- If you have fever, cough and difficulty breathing seek medical care early and share previous travel history with your health care provider
- When visiting live markets in areas currently experiencing cases of novel coronavirus, avoid direct unprotected contact with live animals and surfaces in contact with animals;
- Cook your food and especially meat thoroughly.